

STRAINED VISION

Indicated by headaches, neuralgic pains and nervous depression, should receive immediate and skilful attention, otherwise great mischief may be caused to the eyes which cannot afterwards be remedied.



OUR METHOD OF TEST-
ING IS THE MOST AC-
CURATE AND UP-TO-
DATE.

Our glasses are guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. Have our optician examine your eyes. No charge.

OPTICAL DEPARTMENT ON GROUND FLOOR.

Challoner & Mitchell

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS.

47-49 GOVERNMENT ST.

You Will Hear Something



Every day, that is for your benefit, if you will, our advertisements. We want to sell you what is worth buying. This is the one place in town where you can always secure everything FRESH AND RELIABLE.

SEE FOR YOURSELF

COTTAGE HAMS, lb. 16c.
STEAMER BRAND PINEAPPLE, 2
lbs. 25c.
FANCY CREAMERY BUTTER, lb. 30c.
FRESH PINEAPPLE HADDIE, 2 lbs. 25c.
DIXI H. ROSS & CO.
CASH GROCERS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
1903 WALLPAPERS

The very latest designs in Paper Decorations, Paper-hanging, by first-class
workmen.

J. W. MELLOR & CO., Limited, 78 Fort St.
'Phone 406.

Hungarian Flour

The FINEST PRODUCT of the FINEST WHEAT
MANITOBA NO. 1 HARD.

Made at Fort Garry Mills, Winnipeg, by
The Governor and Company of Adventurers of Eng-
land, Trading Into Hudson's Bay.

Player's Tobaccos and Cigarettes CANNOT BE BEATEN!

Turner, Beeton and Company, Limited, Agents.

Hillcrest Poultry Yards,
Colwood, B.C. December 7, 1902.

Mr. E. M. Noddy, Victoria, B.C.
Sir, The Prudie State Incubators purchased from you last season have given the greatest satisfaction. The first batch we had 85 per cent. out of eggs over four weeks old, and they were the largest and strongest chicks we ever saw from any machine.

The Prudie State is a very strong and well made machine, simple to operate and perfectly satisfactory. With the machine never varied more than one degree. We used no moisture. We are yours respectfully, Quick Bros.

Quick Bros.

Mr. E. M. Noddy, Victoria, B.C.

A Marked Improvement

Is made in any home or place of business by substituting

ELECTRIC LIGHT

For coal oil or gas. We are in the market to supply this improved illuminant at prices that are not to be beaten. Just call and find out for yourself what we can do.

B.G. Electric R'y Co.
35 YATES STREET.

THEATRICAL.

"Human Hearts" will be produced at the Victoria theatre on Tuesday evening. In this realistic melodrama the scene is laid chiefly among the hills of Arkansas. The play engages sympathies for the sufferers visited on a family of plain, honest people, through the unfortunate marriage of a village blacksmith with a New York adventuress, who thought to reform, but ruined the temptation of the old life proving too strong for her. Not only these suffer, but are associated with them, suffer for their sins. The dark side of this powerful story is well-balanced and made a necessary element of the action. "Human Hearts" comes to the Victoria theatre on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Herbert Taylor in the position of conductor of the Victoria Musical Festival chorus, makes a special appeal to all members to avail themselves of the splendid opportunity of rehearsing such works as have been chosen. Victoria is often spoken of as a musical city, and now is the time to prove whether it will bear out the name that has been given to it. Vancouver and New Westminster are taking the greatest interest possible in their forthcoming festival, and their chorus are particularly strong, and intend giving a fine rendering of the different works. The Victoria musicians have so far been experimenting, and should prove a source of great pleasure and instruction to all those taking part. Works of the great masters require constant and long rehearsal in order to give them the necessary finish, and it is most essential that members should attend regularly and punctually all part and full practices to ensure success. So that when Sir Alexander Mackenzie takes up the baton for the final performances, he will have the pleasure he anticipates, and when our first festival is over, will be able to say that he has not conducted a finer body of singers in Canada, and that he, along with ourselves, will feel justly proud of the success we have achieved. This will depend entirely on the members of the chorus giving the time diligently to the conductor, and the study of their works at home. Much sacrifice is needed, and it is to be hoped that for the next three months the rehearsals will be fully attended, and members are requested to see about every Thursday evening for practice to interest themselves in it. Practice rehearsals will be held for soprano and contraltos at Watt's rooms on Monday next at 3 p.m., prompt, and for basses at Mr. Longford's residence, 248 Cook street, on Wednesday, January 28, at 8 p.m., prompt.

RUSSIA AND FRANCE.
Czar's Present for Fisher Folk Pleases Louhet.
Paris, Jan. 24.—The Czar has sent President Louhet \$5,000 for relief of the Breton fisher folk as "evidence of my lively and unalterable sympathy for my friend and ally, France." The President telegraphed an expression of the profoundest gratitude of France for this new mark of the Czar's friendship.

SCHOONERS COLLIDE.
Run Into Each Other Off Massachusetts Coast.
Vineyard Haven, Mass., Jan. 24.—The schooner John H. Buttrick, bound from Boston for Wilmington, N. C., collided with the granite-laden schooner Hattie C. Luce, of Rockport, Maine, 20 miles southeast of Highland light last night. One man from the Luce is known to have been drowned and two others clambered aboard the Buttrick, which put in here today. The fate of the Luce is unknown.

COAL COMBINE.
English Colliery Owners Form a Trust.

London, Jan. 24.—After months of negotiations between the owners of authorized coal mines, a definite arrangement for formation of a combination was concluded yesterday. The St. James Gazette this afternoon states it is understood matters have so far progressed that the promoters of the plan have decided to register a company under the name of "Anthracite Trust," with a capital of \$15,000,000. Most of the collieries, it is added, are ready to accept the promoters' terms.

IMMENSE ICE FLOES.
Steamer Has Difficult Passage in Gulf.
St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 24.—The steamer Thorpe, from Sydney, Cape Breton, has arrived here and reports the presence of immense ice floes in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, which extend beyond the range of vision. The floes evidently are Arctic ice, which has been forced through the Strait of Belle Isle and driven to the Southward. It took the Thorpe 18 hours to work her way through the ice and part of the time she was in danger. The ice was forced over her rail and carried away a section of her bulwarks.

PANAMA CANAL.

Treaty Has Been Made Public.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—The Senate today held a brief executive session and voted to make public the Panama canal treaty. The letters of transmittal of the President and Secretary were brief and formal, and contained no recommendations. In the first paragraph of the treaty Colombia authorizes the New Panama Canal company to sell and transfer to the United States the canal and the Panama railroad except some lands outside of a certain zone, which shall revert to Colombia. It is understood that Colombia reserves all its rights to certain special shares in the capital of the New Panama Canal company and the railroad company, and the United States as owners of the enterprise shall be free from the obligations imposed on the railroad excepting as to the payment at maturity by the railroad company of the outstanding bonds issued by it.

STRIKE ARBITRATION.

Evidence Seems Far from Ended Yet.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 24.—The anthracite coal strike commission today concluded the examination of witnesses called by the independent operators of the anthracite field. The coming Monday the individual operators of the middle region will present their evidence. Among the latter is G. B. Marcell & Co., in the presentation of whose case there is considerable interest, because of the attacks made by the striking miners against that company in their testimony before the commission at Scranton. After the individual companies have completed their case the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co., the last of the signatory companies to the original arbitration plan, will be heard, then the miners will consume several days in rebuttal evidence. Then nearly a week will be taken up by the sides in arguing the cases. So far more than 7,000 pages of testimony have been taken.

DRILL HALL CONCERT.

A Large Audience Enjoys Good Music and Basketball.

The concert at the Drill Hall last evening, as rendered by the Fifth Regiment band, was undoubtedly one of the best given by this organization this season. Band Sergeant Carroll, who was the soloist for the evening, was in perfect form, and his execution and technique rendered him to be a master of his chosen instrument. His solo, "Polo Caprice," for the piece was faultlessly rendered, and he was obliged to respond to an encore. "Light Cavalry," an overture by Suppe, was very well rendered, as was "Robert Bruce," a pot-pourri of Scottish airs. Mr. Finn, the bandmaster, has a personal magnetism which he imparts to the men under him, and the result is an interpretation of the music played, which would do credit to any large and metropolitan organization. Taken all in all, the concert was the best we have heard this season.

The extra attraction was basketball, the contesting teams being the Fernwoods and Vancouvers, resulting in a win for the Fernwoods by 9 to 6.

If you drink brandy try Martell's Three Star.

Result of Saturday's Sport

Royal Artillery Defeated By Naimo Hornets 13 to Nil.

Other Football Games...The Hunt Club Run...Progress of Chess Tourney.

Nanaimo, Jan. 24.—(Special)—Nanaimo Hornets defeated the Garrison Rugby team 13 points to nil today, in a pleasant game, which did not discredit the vanquished. In the first half a penalty kick and a try were converted. In the second half a try was converted. The visitors played well individually, but were beaten owing to lack of combination. The Hornets were in splendid form, the work of the three-quarter line being superb.

The Collegiate boys beat those of the High school in a score of 5 to 1 at the "Trot" yesterday afternoon. Owing to the gale that was blowing, kicking towards the upper goal was simply out of the question. Upon several occasions when a player would get in a good swat on the pigskin, it would rise in the air and land about 10 yards behind the kicker. Todd for the winning team played an excellent game, cleverly carrying the ball behind the spurs and then converted the advantage into a fiver.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.
A good game was witnessed between the Naval Yards and H. M. S. Egerton's Association team. The ground was anything but good, and a hard wind was blowing all through the game, but the rain managed to keep off during the time of play. The game started at 2:30, and play seemed to keep in mind for half time, which arrived without any score. After the half the Egerton devils seemed to press at the start, and were soon shot from Wrentham seemed to puzzle the Navy Yard goalkeeper, who thinking the ball was going over the cross bar, but the wind, which was blowing hard, seemed to stop the ball, which just managed to scrape under the bar and registered the first goal of the game. This roused the Dockyard team, but they were unable to equalize and the game ended in a win for the Egerton team by one goal to nil. The defence of both teams played a good game.

BASKETBALL.

All those who braved the gale last night to go to the band concert were well rewarded by witnessing one of the fastest and most exciting games of basketball witnessed at the City hall for a long time. The game started at the half-time. The Vancouverites had the Fernwoods for all they were worth, for the first few minutes, and shooting on the local's goal without effect. The home boys then turned the tables on the visitors, but were unable to score till B. Peden put a good one in, then Marchant followed his example a few minutes afterwards, and just two or three minutes before half time, Dally scored, making it 6 to 6 in Victoria's favor. The next half Vancouver evened things up in grand style shooting three goals in succession. When the whistle blew again for time the score was six all, therefore it was decided to play it off. Peden got a good shot and converted a two and three minutes after one in from the field, thereby winning the game for Victoria by a score of 9 to 6. The Fernwoods did not play up to their usual standard, and at times their combination was weak and the shooting at the beginning of the game was very poor. They pulled themselves together as the game got older. E. Smith refereed the game very impartially.

THE HUNT.

Owing to the bad weather and heavy going there was a small field turned up for the meet of the Hunt club at the Barracks yesterday afternoon. The strong wind played havoc with the trail laid by the hares. The hounds lost it several times. The run started from the barracks over the golf links, through the Transfer fields and Knock's. A Craigforth bridge, false trail was laid causing the hounds a delay of three minutes, then down the Admiral's road, through the upper end of the Transfer fields, down to the Esquimalt road, and through a brush trail back to the Barracks, the run lasting some 35 minutes.

Among the hounds to finish were two ladies who proved themselves to be true sports, by coming to the meet in uncertain weather.

CHESS.

At a meeting of the Chess committee of the J. B. A. held in the club house on Friday evening last, at which all the committee men were present the following business was transacted.

After the minutes of the previous meeting were taken as read, the report of the secretary on the first J. B. A. tournament was submitted. Mr. Blake, of the D. section being declared the winner.

The secretary reported further that Mr. Clifford had generously donated a case of pipes to be competed for at a second tournament to be held under the auspices of the J. B. A. A.

The prize was accepted by the committee, and Mr. Clifford accorded a hearty and a unanimous vote of thanks for his donation. The committee then proceeded to consider the conditions of the second tournament.

It was agreed that Bishop and Knight should be the largest odds conceded; that the players entering should be divided into three sections, that each section should compete with itself for section supremacy, and that the finals be played off by the section winners.

The classification as follows was made:

1 Class—J. Williams.
2 Class—Messrs. Sprout and Hurst.
3 Class—C. C. McKenzie.
4 Class—No entries yet.

5 Class—Messrs. Johnston, Leeming, Ed. D. Brown, Davie and Blake.
6 Class—Messrs. Clarke, Moresby, Child, Christopher, Scott and Hopkins.

Classes 1, 2, 3 and 4 would comprise A section.

Class 5 would comprise B section.
Class 6 would comprise C section.

The odds conceded to be the regular chess odds of from pawn and move to bishop and knight.

The entrance fee was fixed at 50c, which is payable to Mr. B. H. Hurst, owner before the date for the closing of entries.

Entries will be allowed up to 30 January. The rules of play will be the same as governed the first J. B. A. tournament, Mr. T. H. Piper to be handicapper and umpire.

Mary Had a Little Lamb; Baa, Baa, Black Sheep.

Song—Tale of the Bumble Bee..... Miss Annie Heyland.

Three Blind Mice..... Miss Annie Heyland.

Heart of Hearts..... Miss Annie Heyland.

The Pintos..... Miss Annie Heyland.

Little Bo Peep, Little Boy Blue..... Miss Annie Heyland.

Little Miss Muffet, Little Jack Horner..... Miss Annie Heyland.

Song—A Taste of the Kangaroo..... Miss Annie Heyland.

Where Are You Going, My Pretty Maid?..... Miss Annie Heyland.

Mary, Mary, Quite Contrary..... Miss Annie Heyland.

The Captain..... Miss Winifred Windle.

Yolyn Solo..... Miss Winifred Windle.

Frances..... Miss Hazel Morrison.

Miss Violet Powell.

CHARADE—"MISFORTUNE."

Mrs. Green..... Miss N. Newcombe.

Sheraphina..... Miss N. Moresby.

Betsy..... Miss A. Heyland.

Augustus..... Mr. L. Bell.

Alphonso—Cantcomitoglio..... Mr. C. Berkeley.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 25, 1903.

PUBLISHED BY
The Colonist Printing & Publishing
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No. 1 Broad Street - Victoria, B. C.
PRESIDENT R. BROWN, Manager.

The Daily Colonist.

Delivered by carrier at 20 cents per week.
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Six months 3.00

Semi-Weekly Colonist.

One year \$1.50

Six months 75

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Of four lines or under, 2c. per month.BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS—
2c. each, including insertion in the Daily
and one of the Semi-Weekly editions.No advertisement charged to account for
less than \$1.

\$25.00 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as
will lead to the conviction of anyone
stealing the Colonist newspaper from
the door of a subscriber.



THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Alderman Stewart and W. H. Price
have been appointed Police Commissioners
for the city of Victoria for the
present year. They are admirably fitted
for the office, and are to this extent
better off than their predecessors, that
they have public opinion behind them
in the proper discharge of their duties.

We are particularly glad that the
attempt to make a scapegoat of Mr. Price
has failed. If the moral conditions of
this city have not been all that they
should be, if young men and young women
have been subjected to temptations to
which they should not have been
subjected, the people of Victoria have
nobody to blame but themselves. It
is unmanly and dishonorable to blame
Mr. Price, who was no more responsible
for conditions he was powerless to
change than you are gentle reader. He
is now in a position with an active public
opinion behind him to prove what
may be done to purify the city, and the
Government is to be congratulated that
it did not take the base and cowardly
course of sacrificing him for the sins
of others, for the sins of the community.

However we need not go back on what
is past. The main thing to be done
is to consider the future. How is the
city of Victoria to be purified? In the
first place there is going to be no more
of bringing up civic purity at election
time and letting the question sleep during
the rest of the year. That will not do.

It is a reproach to the press, a re-
proach to the pulpit, and a reproach to the
public opinion of the city. It allows
the moral condition of the town to be
exploited for political purposes, and the
man who exploits the moral condition of

a city for political advantage is not a
whit better, be he parson, editor, or
alderman than the man who exploits it
for money. He is worse. Because he
adds hypocrisy to the disgusting traffic.

In the second place, the most powerful
agent for reform is publicity. An old
book speaks of men "loving darkness
because their deeds are evil." What a
wealth of meaning there is in that word
"because". Neither the Police Com-
missioners, nor the Mayor, nor the council
should desire to smother up anything
that they do. Let them come out into
the light of day. If an infraction of
the law is condoned let the reasons for
condoning it be plainly stated and the
fact that it is condoned admitted.

For instance, side doors for Sunday drink
traffic are contrary to the law if we are
not very much mistaken. Every saloon
in Victoria has a side door for Sunday
business. We do not know whether
it is possible to interfere with this we
doubt very much whether it would be
advisable. But the Police Com-
missioners will be invited from now on to take
the responsibility for the Sunday saloon
side door. If they do not care to enforce
the law well and good. In the
third place, the greatest agency for
reform is the equal enforcement of the
law against all alike. If, in any par-
ticular, the law is not to be enforced,
then all alike must have the benefit of
the exemption. If it is decided to en-

force it rigidly and strictly then all
alike must have it enforced against
them, and there must be no winking at
infractions on the part of anyone. With
these simple ideas worked out in the
spirit of Mayor McCandless' unequalled
"I will" we look forward with confi-
dence to a great change in the habits
and customs of very many of the people
of Victoria.

CANADIAN FISH.

There are \$5,582,933 invested by Amer-
icans in the Puget Sound district for
the purpose of catching fish bred in Can-
adian hatcheries and belonging to Can-
adian waters. There are 24 canneries
in operation in the United States for
the purpose of canning Canadian salmon.
There are 6,540 white people employed
in and supported by the industry, who at-
tend to taxes to the government of the Uni-
ted States. There are 1,725 Chinese and
Japanese so employed also. The pay
roll of the industry is \$1,944,700 per annum.
If the labor of each person directly
employed supports three human lives,
which is a very moderate calculation,
there are 25,000 people in the United
States living upon Canadian salmon.
We not merely breed and preserve
the fish for the Americans to catch,
but our canners are sometimes obliged to
buy Canadian fish from the American
traps and pay duty on them, to keep
their plants running. If this was a natural
disadvantage which Canada could
not overcome, we might dislike it, but
we could not reasonably find fault with
anybody. It is the fact that Canada
can prevent it and does not, which
makes the whole matter so supremely
idiotic. We do not mean that Canada
can prevent the Americans from catching
and canning fish, but Canada can
enable Canadians to compete with them
upon even terms. We often read with
amusement of the extraordinary and
ridiculous results of routine and red
tape in the different departments of the
British government. But nothing in the
world presents such an extreme exam-
ple of the ridiculous as the canning in-
dustry of British Columbia at the pres-
ent time. Cast iron regulations, cramping
circumstances to which they do not
at all apply, produce very queer results,
just as queer in Canada as anywhere
else. It seems very strange if the
government of an active and progressive
country, unhampered by moss-grown
traditions, cannot remedy an anomalous
state of affairs for which it would
be hard to find a parallel even in the
medievalism of Spain.

A PARALLEL CASE.

Great Britain is in the throes of the
same question in South Africa as has
for long agitated British Columbia, to
wit, the race problem. A deep-seated
and abiding conviction appears to be
forming in Great Britain that unoccupied
territory capable of supporting
white people should, in the interests of
civilization, be reserved as a breeding
ground for white people. The following
article taken from Public Opinion, is a
summary of the discussion going on in
Great Britain. We do not publish it
as expressing our own views, but as an
interesting contribution to the sensible
discussion of a much-voiced question:

(Mr. Chamberlain is said to be appalled
by the magnitude and variety of the
problems with which he is confronted in
South Africa. Not the relation of black
man and white man—a subject of which
the average Briton knows little, but concerning
which he will probably hear much in the near future. A few
years ago Mr. Benjamin Kidd defined
what Mr. Kipling called the white man's
burden in the Tropical colonies under his
sway; today, in some thoughtful letters
to the Times, he suggests that in
South Africa, which is not Tropical,
the white man is shirking his burden and
wasting his opportunities by the undue
employment of black labor. In South
Africa the white man considers it un-
dignified to work which can be got
out of the black man, or which the
black man is competent to perform. The
consequence is a lowering of the whole
status of the worker, a dangerous
dependence on black labor, and an economic
condition which is unhealthy. Australia
and South Africa present a striking
contrast in this respect. Australia is
striving to keep out the black man
in the interests of the white worker;
South Africa invites the black man
to invade the labor market because
the white man is unwilling or unable to
do the work offered. Both seem to have
taken the wrong course with this black
problem. As Mr. Kidd points out, the
proper place for the black man is in the
tropic regions, "where the white man
is no longer a competitor for his natural
place on the land." That applies
equally in Australia and in Africa. The
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BOWES' CHILBLAIN LINIMENT 25c

For the relief of this distressing complaint
for sale only at

BOWES' Drug Store

98 GOVERNMENT ST.
Near Yates

Sent by Mail on receipt of Price.

at 42 VICTORIA, B.C.

In Flavor and Aroma Perfect

NUGGET CIGAR

PACIFIC CIGAR CO.

105 Johnson St.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Special—Carpenters' Tools at Cheap-
side.

If you have it,
I will take it.
If you have none,
I will make it.
SAVANNAH, Photo.

Five Sisters' Block.

Labbatt's London Ale, \$1.25 per doz.
at best dealers.

Mackintoshes and cravatette rain-
coats half price for cash during stock-
taking sale. B. Williams & Co.

Driving ulsters and waterproof over-
coats half price for cash during stock-
taking sale. B. Williams & Co.

(Mild weather makes it bad for the
"Eider Down Quilt Trade," but it
creates an opportunity for you to get
a beautiful light-weight bed covering
at much below the regular prices. We
shall be only too glad to show our
range on the second floor. Weiler
Bros.

Blue Ribbon Tea is the best tea on
earth.

J. & J. TAYLOR'S FIRE-PROOF SAFES —AND—

VAULT DOORS

John Barnsley & Co.,
AGENTS.

115 GOVERNMENT ST.

100 boys' 3 piece "Faunster" suits
half price for cash until stock-taking. B.
Williams & Co.

Fire Guards at Cheapside. Airtight
Heaters at Cheapside. Bird Cages at
Cheapside.

Stocktaking sale, men's overcoats half
price for cash. B. Williams & Co.

FRIENDLY ADVICE.

The Right Kind Offered Freely to
Those Who Will Take It.

Just at this season of the year friendly
advice is going the rounds. All sorts
of resolutions will be made. A word to
the wise will be sufficient. Remember
the place where you got satisfaction
and go back. One can always get that
at campbell and cullin's, the popular
tobacconists, corner trounce avenue and
government street.

20 cases latest style American hats,
all at sale prices for cash. B. Williams
& Co.

In the happy days drink John Labatt's
Ale.

ZELNERS' GREAT
Rheumatism Remedy

Gives almost immediate relief. To be had
at the B. C. DRUG STORE,
27 Johnson St. J. TEAGUE.

Boys' reefers 90c. each, worth \$1.75
and \$2.00, until after stock-taking. B.
Williams & Co.

See new Queen Pudding Moulds at
Cheapside. See Carving Sets and Cutlery
at Cheapside. Fine Electro-Plate
at Cheapside.

Victoria City Band will give another
social dance in A. O. U. W. hall,
Thursday, February 5, at 8:30 p. m.
Ladies, 25c.; gents, 50c.

Boys' and youths' overcoat prices cut
in two for cash until after stock-taking.
B. Williams & Co.

McClary's famous stores and steel
ranges at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates
street.

C. E. Heard, Controller of Farleigh's
Hernia Appliances, will be at his
offices, Moody Block, till January 31. *

HEINZ, SWEET & SONS' PICKLES
IN BULK, 25c. PER QUART. MOWAT
& WALLACE, GROCERS.

We are clearing out some stock pat-
tern dinner sets, not because the prices
are too high, but because the patterns
are not quite so new as some others;
the quality is quite equal to the newer
lines, and we are offering them at 20
per cent. less than the usual price. You
can save on every dollar you spend on
our "Special Dinner Sets." Weiler
Bros.

Men's and youth's fine business suits
half price for cash until after stock-
taking. B. Williams & Co.

A Musical and Dramatic Entertain-
ment will be given in the lecture room of
St. Andrew's church, Monday evening,
26th inst. Admission 25 cents.

THE STRAND HOTEL
(Vancouver.)

Has been remodelled. All newly fur-
nished, one block from depot. European
and American plan. Prices moderate.

J. S. Wood, proprietor.

ART PARLORS.

A large new stock of
LACE, BRAIDS AND SILKS.

Everything ready for lessons in
all art work at

MRS. W. H. ADAMS.

Buy a cocoanut mat, keep the en-
trance of your home clean, for it so
often indicates the condition of the rest
of the house. You can save your mat,
lots of work if you use a good mat,
such as we have to sell. Weiler Bros.

Lace Parlors.

A fine assortment of Silk Arabian Braids,
Lace, Braid, Covered Linens, Japanese
Linens and Embroidered Silks.
The latest lace designs always on hand.
MRS. F. V. ROBERTSON
25 Five Sisters' Block.

Tooth Brushes

Of all descriptions and prices. Brushes
that are guaranteed not to lose their bristles
the first time they are used.

Tooth Powder

That will clean and whiten teeth without
injuring them.

Hall & Co.

Dispensing Chemists, Clarence Block.
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

Local News.

Tax Sale.—The adjourned sale of city
property for overdue taxes will be re-
sumed tomorrow at noon in the Council
Chamber, City hall.

Women's Auxiliary.—The monthly
meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of
the Jubilee hospital will be held on
Tuesday at the City hall at 2:30.

Chinese New Year.—The Chinese resi-
dents of the city will celebrate the
24th New Year of their calendar on
Wednesday, with the usual festivities.

Retail Grocers.—The retail grocers of
the city will hold a meeting tomorrow
evening in Sir William Wallace hall to
discuss matters in the interest of their
business.

Tenders For Supplies.—Tenders are in-
vited for supplying provisions to the In-
dustrial Home at Alberni. They will
be received by the principal of the home
up to February 14.

Children's Lunches.—For the convenience
of parents whose children attend
the Central schools, tickets for the lunch
room have been placed at Mrs. Turner's
Yates street, and the Central Bakery,
Yates street.

Socialist Meeting.—Patriotic citizens
are invited to attend the meeting of the
Socialist party this evening in Labor
hall at 8:15 o'clock, when F. Reay will
testify that he is a socialist.

During Major Hibben's absence, Capt.
Hall will instruct the D. R. F. detach-
ments.

The following extract from Militia
order No. 117 is published for the in-
formation of all concerned:

Brevet.—To be Colonel, Lt.-Col. J. G.
Holmes, commanding M. D., No. 11.

The following N. C. O.'s are detailed
to assist at recruit drill on February
2 and 3: Co.-Sergt.-Major Richardson
and Corporal Little.

OBITUARY.

Another Pioneer Resident of the City
Passes to His Rest.

Mr. W. H. Smith, an old pioneer of
the city, passed away at the Jubilee hospital
on Friday evening, at the age of
69 years. Mr. Smith was well known to
the miring men and old-timers of the
city, having come here in 1862. He was
a native of Bathurst, N. B. The funeral
will take place from the family resi-
dence, No. 116 Cook street, at 4 p.m.
today.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Wm.
Hodges will take place from the resi-
dence, No. 16 Rupert street, this after-
noon, at 2 o'clock, and 2:30 at the Met-
ropolitan Methodist church.

An unfortunate Chinaman was killed
as the result of an explosion of dynamite
used for blasting purposes at the Esquimalt
water works, near Gold-
stream, yesterday morning. An inquest
will be held on the remains at 10 o'clock
tomorrow morning.

The death occurred at Alert Bay on
the 11th instant, of Harry Mallory,
aged 65 years, employed as sawyer at
the Alert Bay saw mills. He was a
victim of heart disease.

The funeral of the late Alexander
Cleminhine took place yesterday after-
noon from the residence of his brother,
No. 153 Cadboro Bay road, at 2:30 p.m.
No. 82 St. Andrew's Presbyterian
church at 3 o'clock. Service was con-
ducted by the Rev. W. L. Clay at the
cemetery, and at the grave by the Rev.
Mr. Ewing. There was a large at-
tendance of friends. The following
gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: Thos.
Parle, M. P. D. W. Higgins, Alex.
Wilson, T. Eldred, Wm. Humphrey,
Major L. Wilson, J. E. Church, B.
Stapleton.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE BENEFIT.

Grand Concert in the Victoria Theatre
Wednesday Evening, Feb. 4.

All arrangements are completed for
the concert at the Victoria theatre on
Wednesday, February 4. Everything,
apparently, has been done to insure one
of the most enjoyable musical perfor-
mances given here for some time.

The prison scene from "Il Trovatore"
will be given by Miss Jeanne McAl-
lister, and Sig. St. Andre, supported by a
strong chorus under the able direction
of Mr. Herbert Taylor. It is said to
be a good show. Signor St. Andre will sing
himself in the usual creditable manner. The
following artists will also take part:
Miss Emma Sibley, soprano; Mr. G. J.
Burnett, solo pianoforte, and Master
Bertie Foote. A full orchestra,
under Mr. J. M. Finn, will accompany
the above soloists, and will also render
concert selections.

The Columbia College of New West-
minster has been in existence for about
ten years, part of which time it has
experienced some very hard struggles.
For the last five years, with the ener-
getic and able management of Prof. W.
J. Sippell, the institution has gradually
risen and the outlook for the near
future is more than promising. The
college recently became affiliated with
the Toronto University, and is now run-
ning to its full capacity, accommo-
dating about 60 boarding and many day
students, drawn from all denomina-
tions throughout the province. In this
connection it may be stated that the
institution is a self-sustaining. While
considering that heretofore the people of
Victoria, Vancouver and elsewhere have
been compelled to send their children
East or to California to complete their
education, they should embrace this
opportunity to give such an institution as
is contemplated the revenue there is in it."

Another New Road.—The Seattle
Post-Intelligencer of yesterday says:

Thomas W. Jones, of Victoria, who is
interested in an application to the Brit-
ish Columbia legislature for a franchise
to build a railroad from Vancouver
to New Westminster, and thence
East through Surrey, Langley, Matsqui
and Sumas to Chilliwack, is in the city.
From this point it is the intention to ex-
tend the line, at some later date, to the
mouth of the Fraser river. "We have
not yet secured our franchise," says Mr.
Jones, "but expect to in a short time. When we do, we shall
at once begin the construction to Chilliwack.
The section of country through
which the line will pass is rich in fish-
ing products and in mineral. As soon
as we can get in operation there is a
large traffic awaiting us. It is not our
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Condition of Lead Industry

Statement Prepared and Circulated By Kaslo Board of Trade.

Strong Appeal For Protection-- Industry Threatened With Destruction.

The Board of Trade of Kaslo desires to enlist the energies of the business men of Canada in aid of its efforts to secure renewed and continued prosperity to the Kootenay districts of this province, with special reference to restoring and promoting the silver-lead mining industry on which the larger part of these districts is entirely dependent. The permanency, under favorable conditions, of this industry has been demonstrated, and when the enormous area of undeveloped silver-lead-bearing territory known to exist in this province is considered, with the comparatively small area in which mines have been developed and from which production is assured, the future of this industry cannot well be overestimated.

With a return to favorable conditions the developed areas will speedily employ not less than 5,000 men, who, receiving the highest wages paid such labor on this continent—viz., from \$3 to \$4 per diem—will, directly and indirectly, support a population of ten times their number, which population, prohibited by the physical conditions of this country from supplying its own requirements as to the products of the farm, and dependent upon the East for the products of the factory, will afford to the Dominion at large a market with in purchasing ability none but a mining community of equal population will come.

Such market will increase with the growth of the industry, which, accorded adequate tariff adjustment, such as is enjoyed by all other industries of equal importance known to us, and "having the goods to deliver," can only be retarded by a slow development of the domestic consumption, or a low price obtainable abroad for its product, which conditions cannot be anticipated, with the existing prosperity and increasing population of this Dominion comes an increasing demand for lead and its products; and the foreign price being now at a very low point, it is reasonable to anticipate that higher rather than lower prices will in the near future obtain abroad.

Why this industry, which a few years ago promised continued and increasing prosperity to all directly and indirectly interested, has decayed and is now threatened with total destruction, involving the ruin of the communities on whose behalf we approach you may not generally understand, the following facts are therefore presented:

Lodges produced in British Columbia were, prior to January, 1900, sold almost entirely to smelters in the United States, where, even after the high duty on lead in ore imposed by that country was paid, a margin of profit remained.

In January, 1900, the American Smelting and Refining Trust absolutely withdrew from purchasing ores in this country, thus closing to our producers the United States market and leaving open only the markets of the world, in which the competition of the product of cheap Mexican and European labor must be met; and the domestic market of Canada, where the competition is equally fatal, as this American trust, favored by the existing insufficient tariff, now sets to the Canadian people the products of lead mined and smelted by cheap Mexican labor, and refined and partially manufactured, a better in the United States, and for such lead products the Canadian consumer now pays practically the same prices as does the American.

With such competition the domestic smelters which handle this product can only pay our producers the European price for their lead, less smelting deductions and freight charges necessary to place it in the markets of the world, the latter from our geographical position being necessarily high, the result being that the Canadian producer now receives at current European prices \$1.30 per 100 lbs. for his lead, less smelting charges, as against \$3.50 per 100 lbs., less smelting charges, received by the producer in the United States.

The costs of mining and smelting are higher in this country than in the United States, both as regards labor and supplies, and the merchandise and the products of the farms, which, necessarily alike to the miner and to those whom we directly represent, are also generally higher in this country, and of these necessities we are purchasers only, not producers.

In this connection it is interesting to note the protection accorded to those who supply our necessities, in comparison with the entirely inadequate protection accorded the one commodity we have for sale.

(For further particulars see appendix.)

For such a price and under such conditions lead in this province can only be produced at a loss; and even the unusually high silver values carried by the ores of these districts are insufficient to offset such loss and to provide a fair and reasonable margin of profit to the producer.

The majority of our silver-lead mines are closed, and one after the other, the remainder losing their majority.

The production of lead and the labor employed have diminished to a alarming extent in the past two years, the former from 31,000 tons of lead to an estimated production for this year of less than 12,000 tons, and the latter not less than 75 per cent.

Unless an adequate measure of relief is speedily afforded, the lead industry, which has already attained national importance, must cease to exist, and the silver-lead camps of British Columbia will of necessity be abandoned, involving the ruin of the communities which we represent.

The consensus of opinion of the mining, smelting, transporting and general business interests of these districts, arrived at after much discussion and deliberation, is that relief can only be secured by an increase in the existing tariff on lead and its products sufficient to enable the Canadian market to compete with the Canadian producer, with due consideration of the fact that a preferential tariff rate of one-third is accorded Great Britain.

The Canadian market being thus conserved without unduly increasing the price to the consumer, the producer will be enabled to secure a fair and remunerative price for his entire output by averaging the increased price obtainable from the sale of a portion of his product in the home market with the price obtainable from the sale of his surplus in the markets of the world.

Such a tariff will necessitate the construction and operation in Canada of corrodng works and other plants capable of supplying the domestic demand for all the products of lead, thus creating a subsidiary but important industry, the location of which is most likely to be in the Eastern part of the Dominion.

Any tariff adjustment falling short of absolutely preserving the Canadian market for lead and its products to the Canadian producer will be worse than useless. In such case no benefit will accrue to the producer, and no relief will be offered for the erection and operation in Canada of corrodng and other essential lead manufacturers.

Half measures are more likely to re-

sult in an increase of price to the consumer, without any benefit to the producer.

The tariff on lead and its partially manufactured products to be effective must be specific, and an ad valorem duty will afford the best protection when most needed, viz., when the price of European and Mexican lead is lowest.

At a meeting of mine-owners of East and West Kootenay, held at Sandon on 10th December last, the following resolution, which we heartily endorse, was passed:

"Whereas, the silver-lead miners of East and West Kootenay districts of British Columbia, in convention assembled, do hereby recommend and respectfully urge the enactment of a tariff act which will afford ample protection to the producers, manufacturers and transporters of lead, thereby creating and fostering a new and expansive home industry calculated to benefit all classes by the stimulation of national trade and commerce."

"Having in view the interests of the producers, manufacturers and consumers of lead, it is recommended that a duty be imposed by that imposed by the United States, viz.:

"On lead in ores, 1½ cents per pound.

"On lead in bullion, pigs, bars and old lead, 2½ cents per pound.

"On lead in sheets, pipe, shot, etc., 2½ cents per pound.

"On white lead, etc., 2½ cents per pound."

"On all other products of lead as provided in the Dingley Tariff Act, of July 24, 1897.

"Provided always, that if at any time it shall be proved that a combination has been formed for the purpose of unduly increasing the charges made for smelting lead ores produced in Canada, or for refining or marketing lead bullion, or if the charge for smelting and refining in Canada is proved exorbitant, then the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may at his discretion permit the admission into Canada of lead bullion smelted and refined or smelted or refined in foreign countries, from Canadian lead ores, upon payment of an ad valorem duty of 15 per cent, upon the cost of such smelting and refining."

In requesting your active assistance in advancing the object we have in view, we do not consider that we display any selfishness. In advocating our interests we advance those of Canada and your own. We are your customers, purchasing from you the products of your manufacturers and of your farms, and we do but ask adequate protection for the one product on which our business existence depends, as, under the existing tariff, is afforded to your products of which you are the purchasers only.

Now that the product of our lead mines is inadequately provided for under the existing tariff is, no doubt, due to the fact that, when such tariff was framed, Canada had no steady and reliable production of lead ores. Our British Columbia mines had not been discovered, much less developed.

Now that a reliable production of lead, of the best quality, and more than sufficient to supply the domestic demand of this Dominion, is assured, no reason remains for a continuance of the existing inequitable discrimination against us.

An adequate tariff adjustment on lead and its products means the building up of a new and expansive industry, which, with its subsidiary industries, thereby created, will benefit by its increased expenditures the trade and commerce of this Dominion.

If the tariff remains as it is, or if half measures are adopted, the lead mining industry will cease to exist, and with it your market in this section of British Columbia.

We therefore confidently request your aid and the aid of every business man in Canada, in our effort to secure for a Canadian industry the benefits of a Canadian market.

APPENDIX.

Duties under Canadian tariff on necessities of which the lead miners use great quantities, and none of which are produced locally.

Butter, 4 cents per pound.

Cheese, 3 cents per pound.

Milk (canned) 3½ cents per pound, including weight of packages.

Bacon and lamb (fresh), 35 per cent.

Meat, salt, 2 cents per pound.

Potatoes, \$5 per ton, and 20 per cent.

of value of packages.

Fruit (canned), 2½ cents per pound and upwards and 20 per cent. of value of packages.

Fruit dried, 1 cent per pound and upwards and 20 per cent. of value of packages.

Fruit (fresh), 2 cents per pound, including weight of package.

Vegetables (fresh), 25 per cent.

Vegetables (canned), 1 cent per pound.

Baking powder, 4½ cents per pound and 20 per cent. of value of packages.

Flour, 60 cents to a barrel, if in sacks, 20 per cent. of value of sacks.

Wool, 3 cents per pound.

Clothing, all descriptions, 35 per cent.

Blankets, 35 per cent.

Leather, 15 and 17½ per cent.

Boots and shoes, 25 per cent.

Petroleum (refined), 2½ cents per gallon.

Petroleum (refined), 5 cents per gallon, and 20 per cent. of value of package.

Mining candles, 25 per cent.

Dynamite, 3 cents per pound.

Shovels and spades, 35 per cent.

Tools, sledges, hammers, saws, gimbars, picks, anvils, and hand tools, 30 per cent.

Oil sacks, 20 per cent.

Mining rails, 30 per cent.

Oil cars, 30 per cent.

Mining machinery, averaging 25 per cent.

Duties under existing Canadian tariff affecting the one commodity we depend on:

Lead in ore, nil.

Lead, pig, old, scrap and block, 15 per cent.

Lead, dry, white, 5 per cent.

Lead, dry, red, 5 per cent.

N. B.—On lead, the product of cheap Britain, this duty is reduced 33½ per cent., for which concession this community receives practically no offsetting advantage.

TORONTO MIXING EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by The Stuart Robertson Co., Ltd., successors to A. W. More & Co., Ltd., 23 Government street.)

Toronto, Jan. 23.—The following are the closing quotations on the Mining Exchange today:

Asked. Bid.

Black Tall 7½ 4

Canadian McKinley 18 17

Centre Star 20 21½

Crow's Nest, Pass Coal 100 870

Deer Trail Con. 100

Fairview Corp. 5½ 4½

Granby Smelter 30 24

Iron Mask 7

Lake Pine—Surprise Con. 4½

Morning Glory 3

Montana Lion 12 10

North Star 10 9

Payne 35 30

Rambl'r Cariboo Con. 7½ 6

Rambl'r 6 3

Scotia 8

White Eagle Con. 18½ 17

White Rock 3

Whisper 4

Wonderful 4

Wom. Cons. 30 20

St. Eugene 20

TORONTO SALES.

Republ. 1,000 at 7.

Centre Star, 1,000 at 35½.

Giant, 1,000 at 3, 500 at 3, 1,000 at 3.

Payne, 1,000 at 12½.

Republ. 1,000 at 6½.

Sullivan, 1,000 at 4½.

The fact that most diseases arise from the impaired or lowered condition of the blood, may prove by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the

best medicine for the

skin, hair, eyes, and

the whole system.

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Hood

Services in
The ChurchesAnnouncements by Pastors for
Third Sunday After
Epiphany.

Hours of Worship, Texts of Sermons and Musical Services.

Fresh **ONTARIO CREAMERY**
30c. Per Pound**MOWAT & WALLACE, GROCERS,** CORNER YATE AND DOUGLAS

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, Jan. 21—8 p. m.
SYNOPSIS.

Another important storm area with a centre below 22 inches is crossing this province from the Pacific. It has caused a heavy Southerly to Westerly gale along the Coast of Vancouver Island, Washington, and a fresh gale on the Straits of Juan de Fuca and Georgia. Heavy rain has again fallen over Western Oregon and California, and the weather remains threatening on the Coast. Snow is falling in Cariboo, and very heavy weather prevails in Kootenay and Alberta.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min. Max.
Victoria	38 48
New Westminster	38 48
Kamloops	38 40
Barkerly	16 26
Calgary	22 32
Winnipeg	22 32
Dartford	44 50
San Francisco	54 56

FOREGOCASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time) Sunday:

Victoria and Vicinity: Decreasing Westerly winds, partly cloudy and colder, with occasional rain expected.

Lower Mainland: Decreasing Southerly or westerly winds on the Gulf, unsettled and colder, with occasional rain or sleet.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 6 p. m.

SATURDAY, JAN. 24.

5 a.m. 42 Deg.

43 Mean. 44

47 Highest. 48

43 Lowest. 40

The velocity and direction of the winds were as follows:

5 a.m. 12 miles East.

Noon. 33 miles Southwest.

5 p.m. 34 miles Southwest.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

Rainbow's index. 42 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed. 29.200

Corrected. 29.232

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected. 29.34

PERSONAL.

R. M. Palmer, fruit inspector, was a passenger to Victoria by the Charmer last night.

Next week Ven. Archdeacon Scriven and Mrs. Scriven leave for London, England, to spend a few weeks at the Ladysmiths' Leader. The change is necessitated on account of Mrs. Scriven's health. The Archdeacon and Mrs. Scriven will be much missed not only by the Anglican congregation, but by their friends and acquaintances.

Ladysmiths' Leader. The Leader unites with those friends in hoping that Mrs. Scriven will return to Ladysmiths' completely restored to her usual vigorous strength.

G. Stockwell, Prince Albert, and A. C. Pursey, Wapella, Assin., are at the Dominion.

At the Dardar yesterday were W. A. DeWolf and B. N. Norris of Vancouver, and Whiney, Palache of San Francisco.

L. D. Dardar, A. C. Pursey and T. A. Smithers of Duncan, are at the Imperial Senator Ferguson of Charlottetown, accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Ferguson, arrived yesterday from Nanaimo and are at the former residence of Senator. They have been on a visit to his son, Mr. J. H. Ferguson, manager of the Royal Bank's branch at the Black Diamond City.

Jno. Elmore, a prominent business man of Victoria, is a member of the Royal Canadian Legion.

J. K. Urquhart, Conroy, and F. Parkes, Cumberland, two well known citizens of the Northern portion of the Island, arrived down yesterday and are registered at the Dominion.

Ex-Major Hoy, of the Royal City, is a guest of the Dominion.

W. Vincent and W. H. Hart, two residents of the thriving town of Ladysmith, are staying at the Dominion.

John Yates of the Nanaimo ship's company took temporary shelter under the lee of Boniface Jones' hospitable roof yesterday.

George R. Baker, police magistrate of Winnipeg, who has been visiting friends in the city, returned last night.

Prof. A. O. Uistner, for many years secretary of the San Francisco Chronicle, was in the city yesterday in the interests of a British Columbia bureau of information, which he proposes to establish in San Francisco. He is a man of wide and varied knowledge of this province and its resources, and as his scheme is founded on business principles, it should prove a success.

Among last night's arrivals by the Canadian were G. H. H. Thom, Thos. Howard, and D. R. Ker.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright of Nanaimo, are at the Queen's.

PASSENGERS.

Passengers per steamer Charmer from Vancouver: R. M. Simmons, A. R. Johnston, Mr. Traeger, G. A. Campbell and wife, Miss Mildred Campbell, W. McGregor, W. Belanger, B. Spain, Dr. Laughlin and wife, J. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hoy, R. M. Palmer, Wm. Gill, Mr. Petersen, Jas. Patterson, Mr. Smalley, Wm. Goodchild, Capt. Howard, D. R. Ker, Mrs. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Flanagan, T. R. Dando and wife, Theodore Nauvin, A. C. Pursey and wife, Mrs. McPherson, J. R. Wartman.

Passengers per steamer Majestic from the Sound: Capt. Anderson, Jno. P. Bratt, H. B. Robertson, J. W. Marton, M. Barber, B. Rothrock and wife, Miss Sloan, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Morton, W. G. Stevenson, A. S. Roberts, H. H. Ebey, Jas. Mitchell, Miss Forsythe, Mrs. Forsythe, W. A. Robinson, Bob Mott and wife, Ross Monroe, B. L. Gilman and wife, Jas. Heeler and wife, Chas. Dickins, Mr. O. Kicker, Wm. Price, Chas. Butler, Capt. Gatter.

CONSIGNEES.

Consignees per steamer Majestic from the Sound: P. McQuade, E. G. Prior & Co., T. P. Patton, H. B. Johnson, L. Goodacre, Pacific Cigar Co., W. V. Waltz & Co., G. L. Smith, Co. R. & B. Smith, Mr. Weiler Bros., T. T. Geller, T. P. & Co.

DUMB JIMPS.

Dumb Jimp, who had a level head, grew fat, then he got into a bad temper. "Twas bakers' bread—made a mistake—but such a mother used to bake—but your fill from day to day, and never fear dys-pepsia!"

"Twas from white as snow, from east or west, the farm did grow, but after this was when he'd eat, or one Dumb Jimp, which can't be beat; As far as I, myself, can see, it matters not a sun-meeke."

He ate his square meals a day, but never had a square meal a day." He was always on the run or leap, when he could soundly sleep.

But still could rise at an early hour, with one round of self-raising flour.

A W. J. Wood, a man glad to have the help of such a lad.

Then smart Alick, fresh from school, shot off his mouth—the blushed phœnix!

And sold to Jimp. "You're looking blue, you're getting blue, and I'm getting you." Such talk as this, both fat and thin, soon filled the simple cubs with rage.

Departed was his cheerful mood, and next he started on Health Food.

As the tide was growing sad, where is that bogart's this, an' ran, once rosy cheeks are wan and pale?"

Folks used to call him Sunny Jimp, but now he looks like washed out crimp, And he, with whom was found no fault, he got so sleeky and so thin, he earned not half his weekly tit.

No longer were his services required, so very soon he got fired.

The more he got the less he told his tale most certainly on the level.

When feeling healthy, strong and hale, think Health Food as you would the Devil.

—Wm. H. Trotton, in Bakers' Review.

SUNLIGHT
SOAPREDUCE
EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar.

B.C. METALLIC BED CO.

Announcements by Pastors for
Third Sunday After
Epiphany.

Hours of Worship, Texts of Sermons and Musical Services.

At Christ Church cathedral, Rev. Canon Beanlands will preach in the morning and Rev. W. Baugh Allen in the evening. The musical arrangements are as follows:

MORNING.

Voluntary—Andante in G..... Hy. Smart
Venite..... Ouseley
Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat..... Tuke
Nunc Dimittis..... St. John
Hymns..... 21, 79, 246Voluntary—March..... Hammered
EVENING.Voluntary—Two Part Song..... Baptist Callum
Processional Hymn..... Cathedral Psalter
Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat..... Tuke
Nunc Dimittis..... St. John
Hymns..... 21, 79, 246Voluntary—Organ..... Organ
EVENING.Organ—Voluntary..... Organ
Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat..... Barnaby
Nunc Dimittis..... St. John
Hymns..... 550, 280, 31

Organ—Voluntary..... Organ

EVENING.

Organ—Voluntary..... Organ
Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat..... Barnaby
Nunc Dimittis..... Attwood
Antiphon—Song of Our Life..... Field
Antiphon—Song of Our Life..... Haush
Tenor Solo, Mr. J. S. Flores
Hymns..... 540, 175Organ—Voluntary..... Organ
Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat..... Barnaby
Nunc Dimittis..... Attwood
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TO RENT!

"GIBBURN." This charming commodious residence, situate on the corner of Moss and Belcher streets, is to rent or for sale. The place has all modern conveniences, with coach house and out-buildings.

For particulars apply to

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 Fort Street

Liners in Royal Roads

Oriental Steamer Arrived Last Night and Anchored in the Roads.

Hyades in Port at Tacoma. Rameses Here to Discharge Cargo.

The steamer Athenian, of the C. P. line, reached William Head yesterday evening, and will arrive at the outer wharf this morning. The steamer Tremont, of the Boston SS. Co., also arrived, and like the Athenian, anchored in the Royal Roads. The steam collier Leganam, heavily loaded with coal for San Francisco, from Ladysmith, put into Esquimalt to shelter from the heavy Southeast gale which blew last night, and the steamer Rameses, of the Kosmos line, which arrived from Hamburg, via South American ports and the Golden Gate, also anchored in the Royal Roads. All lay at anchor there to await the abatement of the storm. The steamer Senator, which is bound South, arrived in the Royal Roads yesterday evening and joined the waiting fleet, not coming in to the dock on account of the storm. The Senator will come in to the outer dock to ship her passengers early this morning. Those who will take passage on the steamer here are Miss D. L. Sch. Miss McLevin, J. M. Bradburn, Miss Bradford, J. Green, Ben Ferguson, W. Burton, Mrs. Burton, Percy Martin, Mabel Martin, Mrs. Martin, R. J. Martin, James Hutchinson and Mrs. Hutchinson. The three liners which are at anchor in the Roads have cargo for Victoria, although that on board the Athenian will be taken to Vancouver and re-shipped, as is customary. The Athenian and Tremont will both moor at the wharf this morning, and so will the Rameses, which has 500 tons of nitrate to discharge consigned to the Victoria Chemical Works.

The steamer Hyades, which the evening paper reported yesterday as overdue, has been in port at Tacoma for two days. She passed Comox, as was noted at the time, on Thursday, and arrived at Tacoma on Friday afternoon. The steamer from Keke. She had a very stormy passage, during the course of which her progress was impeded by a broken propeller blade. This fact is said to have been chiefly responsible for the rather long voyage she has made. The Hyades sailed from Kobe on December 31, for Tacoma, and for the first days of her voyage encountered fair weather, but thereafter experienced a continual succession of gales from the North, Northwest, Northeast, Southwest and every point of the compass, accompanied by a heavy, dangerous sea. From January 10 to 13 she experienced a particularly heavy Northerly gale with heavy sea and on the 18th she encountered a strong Southwest gale with heavy sea, this gale lasting clear to Puget Sound. She being accompanied by a heavy Southwest wind and running swell, although none of the gales were of sufficient severity to cause alarm.

The work of repairing the Northern Pacific liner Tacoma is progressing rapidly, and Friday saw her stripped of all unnecessary equipment. She was sent to Victoria, and he passed to Tye, who sent it out. Victoria got it again, and after a good stiff serum Schwengenbroke away and carried into the circle from the 25 yard line, and passed to L. York, who scored.

Victoria rushed for all they were worth for the next few minutes, but were baffled every time by the visiting backs. Schwengenbroke soon followed York's example by making another splendid dribble to the circle, and this time he sent it flying between the posts like lightning.

THE BONANZA.

Leaking Vessel Has Been Surveyed.

The ship Big Bonanza, which returned leaking from Cape Flattery a week ago, and with her pumps out of gear and a tank leaking, was surveyed yesterday morning, and it was then recommended that part of her cargo be discharged. Capt. Bergman is waiting for word from his owners to decide what will be done. New tanks have been placed in the ship and the pumps are now in thorough order and are able to keep the ship free from water easily. The Big Bonanza is laden with coal from Ladysmith for San Francisco. The British ship Lorraine, which arrived in tow of the tug Lorne, has proceeded to Vancouver to load at Hastings mills. The Lorne went to Nanaimo yesterday morning for the Fort George, which she tows to sea this morning laden with coal for San Francisco. The Sydyl, which loaded lumber at Vancouver, passed out yesterday, and the Eudora, lumber laden from Burrard Inlet, is expected to sail tomorrow. The British ship California, which is loading oats for Australia on account of Brackman & Ker of this city, at Vancouver, is about loaded, and is expected to sail on Wednesday. The British ship Galatea, which was chartered on Thursday to load wheat at Tacoma, leaves for the Soud port to load at Sydney, Australia today.

Two large German ships have been ordered from San Diego to the Royal Roads, one to load lumber at Chemainus and the other at Burrard Inlet. These two vessels are the Szwarczow, Haul sen, 1,877 tons, and the Schurbek, Nicolai, 2,236 tons. Both are expected to sail within a few days from the Californian port.

SALE OF BARODA.

Charles Nelson Company Made \$800 Profit on Her.

As was stated at a tourist association meeting some time ago, the C. P. N. will give a service between the Steveston and Victoria this summer after the Princess Victoria is placed on the Victoria-Vancouver route. Either the steamer Chimo or the Yosemite will be placed on this route.

Steamer Cottage City is fully due from Alaska.

The Cunard company has ordered two new steamers, each to have three screws and cost \$6,250,000. It is stipulated that they shall be ready for their maiden voyage in June, 1903. The speed conditions have been modified, but the vessel's must do 26 knots for six hours and 25 knots for two days' continuous steaming.

CREE INDIANS.

Canada Not Anxious For Their Return.

The Canadian government will not take back the Cree Indians from Montana and Washington, unless the government of the United States feels disposed to pay the entire expense of deportation.

This statement was made at the Northern hotel last night by Capt. Jas. O. Ward, of the Northwest Mounted Police, with headquarters at Calgary. Capt. Ward is a veteran of the Duck Lake fight in 1885 in which the Cree took an active part. After the Itiel rebellion was settled, they fled to the United States with a price on many of their heads. At that time Capt. Ward was stationed at Regina and was a young officer. In the Duck Lake fight he received many wounds and these have bothered him ever since.

In 1896, when the United States government transported the Crees across the Canadian boundary and delivered them to the Mounted Police at Lethbridge, Alberta, from where they were taken to their reservation on the banks of the Saskatchewan. Capt. Ward was one of the officers in charge of the movement. He is therefore thoroughly familiar with their affairs and also with the disposition of the Canadian government toward them.

"For years ago the Canadian government, at an expense of \$100,000, took back the Crees from the United States and gave them a reservation on the Saskatchewan," he said last night. "They only remained a few weeks when they started back. All of their number, wanted for murder committed during the Duck Lake fight, were given pardons, and everything was done to make them happy and contented. This is about as far as the Canadian government feels that it should go in the matter."

"We have a full realization that they are one of the warden tribes of Canada, but the government of the United States has allowed them to remain on this side of the line so long without an attempt at importation that they are imbued with the idea that they are citizens of this country, and from what I have been able to learn of the laws of this country they are entitled to remain here."

"There is this thing certain, that if

G. H. MUMM'S EXTRA DRY

The Great Leader

At all hotels, clubs, bars and refreshment places in the city. All wine and liquor dealers have Mumm's—the BEST Champagne in the world.

PITHER & LEISER

Direct Importers, Victoria and Vancouver

CUT ALL TO PIECES

DO you know the kind of Suit we sell at regular prices for \$20? Have you already picked out one which you've been intending to buy? See if you can't find it here now at \$12. That's exactly what this sale gives you an opportunity to do—and it's your own fault if you don't do it. Into this sale we have put all kinds of Suits, and all sizes. We can't afford to carry them over, so we'd rather lose on them and let you make on them now. Oh, yes, some houses advertise cut prices all the year—lose money all the time—are in business just for fun, etc., etc. But we don't do it that way. Once a year for a few weeks, we can afford to, and we do sacrifice profits. Don't fail to take advantage of the situation.

ALLEN'S

FIT-REFORM WARDROBE

73 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Stock Take Sale

NOW ON AT—

ARTHUR HOLMES

78 YATES STREET

REPAIR! REPAIRING!! REPAIRED!!!

Have you any Upholstery or Mattresses to Repair?

We Do All Kinds Of Repairing.

And when done by us your Lounge, M attress, or Easy Chair WILL BE PROPERLY REPAIRED.

SMITH & CHAMPION

PHONE 718. 100 DOUGLAS STREET.

The E. B. Eddy Co.

HULL, CANADA

Manufactures the Best Matches in the World.

Victoria, Eagle, Little Comet, Headlight and King Edward Parlor Matches and Wax Vestas.

JAMES MITCHELL, AGENT

The Hinton Electric Co., Ltd.

62 Government Street,

ELECTRIC APPARATUS & IRON SUPPLIES

Selling Agents.

CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.
CANADA FOUNDRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

TYEE COPPER CO.

SMELTING WORKS AT

LADYSMITH

(PREPARED TO PURCHASE ORES, CONVENIENT TO THE ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY OR THE SEA,

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, MANAGER

NORTHWESTERN

SMELTING & REFINING CO.

BUYERS OF

Gold, Silver and Copper Ores,
Mattes, Bullion, Furnace
And Cyanide Products.

LOCATION OF WORKS
CROFTON, Vancouver Island, B. C.

POMMERY

Wherever Champagnes are SOLD BY QUALITY
as in FRANCE and GREAT BRITAIN, the HIGH-
EST PRICES are paid for POMMERY.

BIG BAGS OF BIG GAME

Part IV--MY FIRST STAG.

By the Duke of Argyll (All Rights Reserved)

THE old keeper was a being wholly unlike any of his calling now-a-days. Where can you now see a white, or a white-yellow, long piled silk hat on the top of a keeper's head? You might just as well look for snow on a tropical ant-hill. Nor are the grey "mutton-chop" whiskers he wore now fashionable. A clean-cut face, with blue eyes, and a look of cunning sagacity, correct "dog-ear" white collar, and a suit of grey tweed, tweedly, his speech pure Sussex English; he could walk the hill at 60 with younger men, but preferred a pony, and he always thought it a duty to himself and his master to make his wishes known. David Edmonstone always spoke out, especially when he was not quite easy about his personal safety or comfort. He could not swim a stroke, and when lady on whom we were attending, slipped as she dished, and was nearly drowned, David said to her, after he had managed to haul her by the edge of her skirt to shore—"Another minute, and ye were a dead teddy—I wadn't have swum stroke for ye." Again, when his master and he were fishing in a loch from small India rubber boat, and the reeds made a "swishing" sound agitating the boat's bottom, David thought she was bursting, and said to his master, "Mind if she rives? I'll hand on by ye!" Now he was anxious to hide his contempt for the superstitions cherished by the Highlanders in the district where he lived. "They're a' leevin' bodies," he would say with a "Hic-Ho" when he heard anything specially improbable. It was not often, however, that he heard anything from them. The tales they told were repeated to more sympathising ears, and were only retailed at second-hand to David. They knew that he would only "Hoot" at any experience which was not like that he had known. So when a Highland postman coming in his cart down the glen at night saw a white-haired figure rush at his "stair," and seat himself behind, and the figure he terrified, he imagined that figure was the spirit of the old minister he had descended, and now "strangulating" about the place where he had lived in summer, at a small farmhouse, the old keeper declared that the postman must have been drinking—in vain, it was said that the postman never drank. "What for should he be seen?" an auld doctor says, "loping up behind him then?" If he's no drunk, he's a leet," was his comment on this ghost story. And to do the keeper credit, he never seemed afraid of anything unearthly. It was the earthly and probable that he disliked, when there was denied. "Puff indeed—lost your puff!"



TAR AS A DUST DESTROYER.

One new method of doing away with street dust being tried in France consisting in applying to the streets and roads a very thin layer of fluid tar. To begin with, the paving is washed and brushed, and on the following day the

tar is spread upon it by means of hand sprinklers or by a horse-drawn machine. The tarred surface thus made is so hard that horses' hoofs leave no visible trace upon it, and it lasts for many weeks without a renewal.

risk to be run, and his "pawky" good sense derided this supernatural. "If we may have its 'Hic-Ho,'" but David had never seen one, and did not believe in any. His courage and his timidity alike arose from a good strong sense of the likely and the ludicrous.

How he snuggled and grunted and grinned at the first adventure of my friend, who with me hoped to take our first lessons in stalking under his instructions. There was not much to laugh about as the matter turned out, indeed it produced tears. It produced shame and a pretty heavy fine. It produced—but no—I must tell how the miserable affair occurred, and most inexplicably. I had been most keen to get a deer before I could get one. Some people are fond of besting their comrades. I am not. If a deer falls it gives me satisfaction to bring home the venison and to eat it, no matter who has killed it. Truly I had sometimes much rather a friend killed the stag than I, for the death rattle and the shocking sounds, and the reproachful look of the glazing eye are always trying. But my companion was of that order of "keen" men who dislike being beaten at whist, or billiards, or fishing or shooting. I must, however, do him the justice to say that he bore no grudge. He always revelled in anticipation of getting the better of you next time. This is harmless, and when a man does not put his cue by, or fling down the cards, or go home after he has missed, he may be pardoned much. Nor would he mind or even be in telling that when he made, as the saying is, an "exhibition of himself." We had both been unsuccessful after a long day, during which David had been persuaded to lay aside the white fury hat. Whether the deer got his wind at any distance or got ours, we indignantly denied to be possible, was immaterial. We only saw their hindquarters at immense distances. We all agreed that they could not possibly have got our wind and turned homewards. It was a lovely day in autumn. A brisk wind had just a touch of cold in its breath. This had made my friend more keen than ever, for we knew that not many days were before us for stalking. The season was getting late. The heather had budded, blossomed and faded on the moor. The lovely purple and rose had given way to brown and russet. On the great cushions of the moor set around springs and boulders, in the thin among the heath, red and yellow patches showed where the plant was dying. The grouse had become so wild that we attributed the shyness of the deer to the warning cackle an old bird would make when he rose, even though far away from us. The rounded summits of the granite hills, the more picturesque outline of those of gneiss or slate, took a hard, look against the afternoon sky. It would not be long before the highest of the distant mountains, whose ridges and peaks rose in lovely shades of blue, over the nearer grass and heather

was spread upon it by means of hand

sprinklers or by a horse-drawn machine.

The tarred surface thus made is so

hard that horses' hoofs leave no visible

trace upon it, and it lasts for many

weeks without a renewal.

Twist.—"I should think you'd be afraid to write in your novels of things you don't know the first thing about." Bluff—"My dear boy, don't you know that the people who read my books don't know even as much as that?"—Boston Transcript.

Giles.—"Buckingham experienced all the tortures of the Inquisition last night." Miles—"You don't say! How did it happen?" Giles—"He was playing roulette." Miles—"Where did the torture come in?" Giles—"Why, he was broken at the wheel."—Chicago Daily News.

Mamma.—"Don't be so selfish. Let a boy the while." Tommy—"But he means to leave them always." Mamma—"O, I guess not." Tommy—"I guess yes, 'cause he's swallowed em!"—Philadelphia Press.

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Colonist "Wants"

They Please
The People

WHY

They Bring
The Business

For 1c a Word

TAFFY

Frae Auld Scotland.

Manufactured by Stewart & Young, Glasgow. In Tins,

15c., 25c. and 35c. Each.

YOU SHOULD TRY IT.

MOWAT & WALLACE, GROCERS, CORNER YATES; AND DOUGLAS

HIGH PRICES FOR FOWL.

Canadian Turkeys Brought Big Prices

in England.

A London correspondent writing under date of Dec. 27, says: "The poultry trade has been a surprise this year, and Canadian raisers of turkeys and the shippers thereof have every reason to congratulate themselves. Not only have prices ruled at public auction higher than ever before, but demand has run keen on them at a time when others were going begging, and they were out on the market just at the proper moment. Last Saturday evening after I had despatched my message referring to sales of Canadians in Liverpool at 64d. by auction to dealers for resale, I went to the central markets, Smithfield, and saw some thousands of turkeys sold to the public by retail at 6d. and less per lb. Some of these were very good birds, indeed. Both are said to be good investments, and is now rumoured that a certain syndicate is about to send a representative to South Africa to report on the chances for profitable investment there."

Will be found an excellent record for stock headache, Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

BOX WANTED—At the Colonist Bindery.

WANTED—Doctor to take charge of medical and surgical department of the Sloane Miners' Union General Hospital. For particulars write Secy. Miners' Union General Hospital, Slocan, B. C. 220

ENGINEERS, PIREMEN, MACHINISTS, ELECTRICIANS and all steam users send for 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers. Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, Room 388, 8th & St. Louis, Mo. 33. A. Established 1870.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A waitress for a lunch room. Apply at 45 Government street, in afternoon.

WANTED—An assistant mistress in a private school for girls. Apply, stating qualifications and references, to 450, Colonist's office.

1,000 LADY AGENTS WANTED to sell our new Victoria Protector, a woman's invention. A pleasure to wear it. Indorsed by thousands of ladies and physicians. \$100 per month, plus expenses, terms. Do it in the field and make money. Address Mail Order Supply Co., Box 100, Plum Coulee, Man. 36

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

AN ENGLISHMAN, aged twenty-six, wants employment. Is not particular as to amount of salary. Apply T. F. P. O. Box 51.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

A TRUSTWORTHY YOUNG GIRL wishes a situation to take care of children through the day. Apply E. Colonist. 324

SITUATIONS VACANT.

YOUNG LADY from England requires situation as plain cook or general in family. Address Miss C. Horseshoe Bay Hotel, Chemainus, B. C. 324

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A black early retriever dog pup. Must be under five months. Address L. F. S., Colonist office. 222

TO LET—ROOM AND BOARD

MRS. D. MORRISON, 204 Superior street, prepared to take in limited number of boarders. Large, well-furnished rooms, excellent table. On car line. Terms on application.

MRS. ENGELHART, 33 Birdcage Walk is prepared to take a limited number of crowns and leashes; cedar, spruce, fir and other woods. For particulars apply to B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

FOR SALE—300 acres of first-class dr. on Cowichan Lake, averaging 30,000 feet per acre; conveniently located, and can be bought very cheaply; crown rights, etc.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms with bath. 118 Fort street. 324

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, or single. 100 Fort street. 311

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, with use of kitchen if required. 139 Michigan street. 320

TO LET—Large front room, nicely furnished. 170 Johnson street. 328

TO LET—Nice furnished rooms, Apply 102 Government street. 328

TO LET—Furnished rooms with all conveniences. 182 Fort street. 327

TO LET—Large comfortable rooms, all modern conveniences; electric light, etc. Suitable for business men and clerks. Apply after 7 p. m. to 60 Rae street. 318

TO RENT—RESIDENCES.

TO LET—Modern residence, furnished complete; delightful situation. Particulars application. Heisterman & Co. 323

TO LET—Twelve roomed house, good location, close to town, thoroughly renovated throughout. Possession February 1st. Heisterman & Co. 323

TO RENT—A flat of four unfurnished rooms. Apply 61 Herald street. 326

TO RENT—Two handsome residences, with acreage. One of the most desirable locations in the city. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

TO RENT—Field for pasture on Blanchard street, between Queen's, Pembroke and Quadra streets. Heisterman & Co. 320

TO RENT—Good pasture for horses. Inquiries 2nd Yates Street. Telephone 847.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO LET—Field for pasture on Blanchard street, between Queen's, Pembroke and Quadra streets. Heisterman & Co. 320

TO RENT—Good pasture for horses. Inquiries 2nd Yates Street. Telephone 847.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Thursday evening between 5 and 6 p. m. between Speed Bros. and Government Street, or between Yates and 2nd Yates Streets, a pair of steel-rimmed spectacles, in leather case, stamped "Keefern". Please return to Miss Sweet, 48 Rae street. 324

STRAYED—English setter, one year old, with white and brown spots; white spot on nose. Dr. Redman, Constance avenue, Esquimalt. 320

TO RENT—WAREHOUSE.

TO LET—Warehouse on Wharf Street, 25x70, A1 location and in good condition. \$100. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$500—Four houses at this price; must be sold to close an estate. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY TO LOAN—In large or small sums on personal security. Pictures, furniture, pianos, etc., without removal. Strictest confidence. Address P. O. Box 297. 322

CYCLES, INCUBATORS and BROODERS—The Standard of the world. Machines always on view at the office of C. S. Baxter, 53 Wharf street, Victoria. Write for free circulars. 317

EDUCATIONAL.

DRAWING, painting and all classes of art instruction, including mechanical drawing, at Studio 504, Government street. Prospectus of Martiniello, art master. 327

SHORTHORN SCHOOL—15 Broad Street (100x100). E. Macmillan, principal. Private instruction in shorthand, typewriting and bookkeeping. 327

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Brunswick Balke pool table, second hand. Windsor hotel. 324

FOR SALE—Gram-o-phone and lot of records, new. \$15; guitar \$7; violin, with box and case, \$6; banjo, \$5; English concertina, best make, \$10. Singer Sewing Machine, \$5 and \$10. S. B. Sutton, 118 Douglas street. 322

FOR SALE—Pony and cart, both perfect condition. Apply Victoria Transfer Stables. 328

FOR SALE—Fruit trees, etc. New Catalogue post free. Mt. Tolmie Nursery, Victoria, B. C. 320

FOR SALE—Canary birds, good singers. Prices reasonable. Apply to Mrs. Lange, 84½ Douglas street, upstairs. 316

FOR SALE—INDIAN CURIOS.

FOR SALE—Indian curios and thousands of Indian pipes, cheap. Apply to the Indian trader, 70 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C. Mr. Stadthagen trades direct with the Indians and sells their goods at half the price you pay elsewhere. Over 5,000 Indian baskets in stock. Note the address, 70 Johnson St. H. Stadthagen, the Indian trader. 320

PHRENOLOGY.

MISS BEST—Phrenologist and Palmist; gold medalist. No. 80 Pandora street. Office hours 2 p. m. to 9 p. m. 321

FOR SALE—PROPRIET.

FOR SALE—Lot No. 6 of Suburban Avenue, lot No. 10, Victoria City. The lot fronts on Cameron street, and is situated to the east of Jay's Nursery, Cook street. On the property is a four-roomed cottage. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply at 128 North Park street. 320

ABOUT seven acres, four miles from city, all under cultivation; splendid cottage, barn and outbuildings; 75 fruit trees; over-flowing spring. Price, \$2,500 cash, or can be had on terms. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

TO RENT—FARM.

TO RENT—Three acres, near Poul Bay; house, barn, outbuildings, orchard. Rent \$15 per month. Apply E. A. Harris, C. O. 35 Fort street. 320

A GOOD FARM at Nicola and one at Alberni, can be rented on reasonable terms. For particulars, apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—Two lots in North Ridge, four miles from city, for the two lots. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

GORGE ROAD—Many nice lots within 5 minutes walk of car line, from \$250 upward. Cheap in order to effect immediate sales. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$850—Three lots at this price, well located for factory purposes; must be sold to close an estate. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—Five-room cottage, in good repair; three-quarters of an acre in fruit. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—Five-room cottage, and lot 40x150; must be sold at an early date. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

ONE ACRE, well located, \$1200. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$1,200—6 roomed cottage, hot and cold water; garden with fruit trees. One of the best locations in the city. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Four cottages on Cook street, always rented; cheap at this figure. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$2,500—Two-story house, seven rooms; nice garden and good neighborhood. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$3,000—Modern seven-room dwelling, in first-class shape; garden and good neighborhood. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Six-room cottage, very central, with several outbuildings, etc. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Seven-roomed cottage, with sewer connections, on car line and close to centre of town. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$3,000—Modern seven-room dwelling, in first-class shape; garden and good neighborhood. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—Six-room cottage, very central, with several outbuildings, etc. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Seven roomed cottage, with sewer connections, on car line and close to centre of town. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$3,000—Modern seven-room dwelling, in first-class shape; garden and good neighborhood. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$5,500—Handsome residence, modern, with an acre of land, on Rockland Avenue, with view. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

LAKE DISTRICT—About 50 acres, partly shaded, adjoining a beautiful farm; very good soil and level ground; cheap. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

THE ARM—1½ acres, cleared, waterfront, fine site for bungalow; electric light and water pipes running past premises; whole amount of property now rented. Rent on mortgaged. This is the most popular site on the market. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

METCHOSIN—A beautiful farm, excellent situation, large acreage; \$10,000. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

HIGHLAND DISTRICT—Three farms with buildings, etc., two at \$1,500, one at \$3,000. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

ROSS BAY—Nine acres, good soil, good timber, good site; cheap. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

60 ACRES—Cobden Bay, water frontage \$60 per acre. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—5½ acres, all under cultivation; seven room house, barns, etc.; only three miles from city. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

JAMES ISLAND—Off Saanich (one mile); 200 acres—75 under cultivation, 100 cleared, balanced good land; lots of good water; five-room house, barn, etc. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

GRANDE PACIFIC HOTEL—Corner John Street, 41 Pandora Street. Bar supplied with best brands of wines, liquors and cigars. Good rooms in connection. Open day and night. Lorenzo Reda, proprietor.

VANCOUVER—STRAND HOTEL—European or American plan. Rates, \$2 a day; good room, first-class, etc. In connection.

BADMINTON—Popular resort for tourists. \$2 and up. J. G. Clarke, proprietor.

HOTEL LELAND—Corner Granville and Hastings Streets; one block from depot and steamboat wharves; \$2 a day.

THE COMMERCIAL—Turkish baths; best 24-hour house in the city. Prescott & Heywood, proprietors.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

CLOTHES CLEANED, pressed and repared at shortest notice, at 142 Yates St., opposite Dominiion hotel. Work guaranteed. James Dupen.

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FOR SALE—HOTELS.

HOTELS FOR SALE—Call and see us. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS.

L. GOODACRE—Contractor to Royal Navy and Dominion Government. Telephone 23. Corner Johnson and Government Streets.

NOVELTY WORKS.

L. HAFDR, General Machinist—No. 160 Government street.

PAINTING AND PAPERING, ETC.

E. ARMAN LEWIS, 29 Pioneer street. Estimates furnished. Tel. 820A.

PLUMBERS, ETC.

C. M. COXON—70 Johnson Street. Sanitary plumbing; building and out-of-town orders; special agent for the famous Gurney and Oxford stoves and ranges. Telephone 674.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

PAISLEY DYED WORKS—Tel. 410. The old reliable; established 1885. No. 114 Yates Street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Tel. 200. Largest established; country orders solicited. No. 141 Yates Street.

SCAVENGGERS.

MRS. ED. LINES—General scavenger yards, etc., cleaned. Orders promptly attended to. Telephone 847. House, 236 Yates

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

Report of the Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of Share holders, Tuesday, 13th January, 1903.

The thirty-sixth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian Bank of Commerce was held in the banking house on Tuesday, 13th January, 1903, at 12 o'clock.

Among those present were: J. H. Taylor, Wm. Garside, A. V. Delaporte, Miss H. M. Robinson, Wm. Spy, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, Jas. Gedley, F. Nicholls, N. Silverthorn, John Hoskin, K. C. LL. D., Thos. Gilmour, Wm. Prendergast, J. L. Watt, Hon. Lyman M. Jones, Henry Beatty, S. R. Wickett, Wm. Davidson, Col. Mason, A. Laird, A. Kingman, Montreal; E. O'Keefe, Wm. McCabe, John Taylor, J. W. Langmuir, Robert Kilgour, C. S. Gzowski, William Cook, Carrville; James Crathern, Montreal; Frederick Wyld, R. R. Warwick, J. Lorne Campbell, F. V. Flavelle, B. M. Ames, Rev. Dr. Warder, J. N. Shewen, Robert Thompson, Chas. E. Gond, T. H. Temple, John J. Blaikie, David Smith, C. D. Massey, R. C. Carlyle, Melfort, Bonita, John Pugsley, J. S. Lovell, Thos. Walmsley, G. F. Ritchie, Edward Gurney, Rev. Dr. Griffin, F. H. Mathewson, Montreal; Geo. B. Burns, Wm. MacKenzie, Geo. F. Little, W. T. White, John Carrick, L. J. Cosgrave, and others.

The president, Hon. George A. Cox, having taken the chair, Mr. F. G. Jemmott was appointed to act as secretary, and Messrs. R. H. Temple, J. Lorne Campbell and Melfort bought the appointed scrutineers.

The president called upon the secretary to read the annual report of the directors, as follows:

REPORT.

The directors beg to present to the shareholders the thirty-sixth annual report, covering the year ending 30th November, 1902, together with the usual statement of assets and liabilities:

The balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account, brought forward from last year was.....\$ 251,047.84 The net profits of the year ending 30th November, after providing for all bad and doubtful debts, amounted to.....1,028,509.70

\$1,279,557.00

Which has been appropriated as follows:

Dividends Nos. 70 and 71, at 7 per cent. per annum.....\$ 500,000.00

Transferred to Pension Fund.....15,000.00

Expenditure on Bank Premises, etc., to Profit and Loss Account.....51,733.53

Transferred to Rest Account.....500,000.00

Balance carried forward.....152,821.07

\$1,279,557.00

The entire assets of the bank have been, as usual, carefully revalued, and all bad and doubtful debts amply provided for.

The profits of the bank have continued to be quite satisfactory, and after providing for all expenses of \$51,733.53 over bank expenses, we have been able to add to the rest the sum of \$500,000.

During the year the bank has opened new branches as follows: In Ontario, at Wiarton; in Manitoba, at Carman, Dauphin, Elgin, Gilbert Plains, Grandview, Neepawa, Swan River and Treherne; in British Columbia, at Ladysmith; in the Northwest Territories, at Calgary, Edmonton, Medicine Hat and Moosomin. A branch is at the moment being opened at Sydenay, N. S. The branch at Rossland, B. C., taken over from the Bank of British Columbia, has been closed.

The various branches, agencies and departments of the bank have been inspected during the year.

The directors have again pleasure in recording their appreciation of the efficiency and zeal with which the officers of the bank have performed their respective duties.

GEO. A. COX,
President.

Toronto, 13th January, 1903.

GENERAL STATEMENT,
30th November, 1902.

Notes of the Bank in circulation.....\$ 7,308,042.00

Deposits not bearing interest.....\$15,078,891.00

Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date.....37,044,396.38

\$31,923,287.08

Balances due to other Banks
in Canada.....139,450.70

Balances due to other Banks
in the United States.....460,788.00

Dividends unpaid.....1,234.17

Dividend No. 71, payable 1st December.....250,000.00

Capital paid up.....\$ 8,000,000.00

Less Capital.....2,500,000.00

Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward.....152,821.07

10,652,821.07

ASSETS.....\$72,825,632.00

Gold and Bullion.....\$1,729,002.00

Domestic Notes.....1,570,318.00

\$ 3,140,921.14

Deposit with Dominion Government for security of note circulation.....350,000.00

Notes of and cheques on other Banks.....2,823,789.04

Balances due by other Banks in Canada.....15,390.35

Balances due by Agents in Great Britain.....1,416,760.95

Deposits with Agents of the Bank and with Banks in foreign countries.....1,620,780.00

Government Bonds, Municipal and other securities.....7,483,236.10

Call and Short Loans on Stocks and Bonds.....7,247,380.11

Other current Loans and Discounts.....46,107,363.41

Overdrafts less fully provided for.....330,264.00

Real Estate (other than Bank Premises).....175,981.81

Mortgages.....181,440.00

Bank Premises.....1,000,000.00

Other Assets.....40,040.22

\$72,825,632.00

B. E. WAHLER,
General Manager.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Our shareholders will readily see from the statements included in the report of the directors that we have had another year of good fortune. The profits for the year amounted to \$1,028,509.76, and this exceeds even the excellent results of the last year or two, being 12.86 per cent. upon our capital. If we add to this the sum of \$251,047.84, carried over from last year, we have a total of \$1,279,557.00. After the payment of the usual dividend we have been able to add to the rest the sum of \$500,000, making that account \$2,500,000; we have expended on bank premises \$1,736.53, leaving that account at \$1,000.00; we have paid into the pension fund \$15,000, and so distributed profits the sum of \$152,821.07.

The growth of our deposits during the past year is \$2,233,000, which is less relatively than in recent years, but is due to several natural causes. Our bank note circulation has maintained a slightly higher level than last year, but throughout both periods it has been as high as we could wish, having regard to our powers under the Bank Act.

Our shareholders may naturally be surprised at the number of new branches we have opened during the year. Those of our shareholders who reside in Canada will realize that it has been a year of great growth in this respect as in other branches have been opened in Canada during the past year by our banks. Still it may appear that we have undertaken

an undue number for one year, and we desire to explain that this was mainly caused by the fact that owing to the absorption of the business of the Bank of British Columbia our time and energies were so fully occupied that during a considerable period of great activity we did not open any new offices, and we thus found the claims of too many districts pressing upon us at one time.

As long as the growth continues the expenditure of quite considerable sums annually upon bank premises will be unavoidable. We have concluded to finish the rear of the main building and we shall doubtless have to build at several points buildings of a moderate character. At the moment we are arranging the plans for a building at Sydenay, N. S.

During the year and consequent upon the unusual activity of business, the banks in Canada have experienced a steady demand for advances, and their power to supply sufficient bank-note circulation has been tested pretty severely.

The business of banking has been profitable and unusually free from debt. We can, of course, not hope to continue indefinitely and we must be prepared for a less hand-some showing when the present wave of expansion has passed by. If we were to judge merely by the products of the soil and the demand for manufactured goods we cannot, throughout North America, see many signs of weakness, but there are other significant signs which prudent people should consider. There has been an important change going on in the financial relation between the United States and Europe. The United States has enjoyed an excess of exports over imports for many years, and the total for the nine years, from 1894 to 1902 included, was the enormous sum of \$3,534,700,000. In 1898, through a decrease of imports and a doubling of exports, coincident with a great increase in imports, the imports of \$16 million were nearly doubled by the exports of 1,210 millions. This was an unnatural state of affairs. For the government year, ending June, 1902, the imports had risen to 903 millions, and the exports, although less than in 1901, were 1,381 millions, so that the surplus, although lower than for five years, was still 478 millions. We have, however, obtained the figures for the actual year 1902, estimating December. For this period the imports were 950 millions, about 50 per cent more than for 1898, and the exports were 1,340 millions, bringing the surplus down to 390 millions. This falling off in exports is mainly due to the failure of the export of corn, oats, cattle, etc. Although a plus of exports over imports of 293 millions is a very happy state of affairs, everything depends on what we have accustomed ourselves to, and have calculated upon, and it is the effect of this change upon the foreign indebtedness of the United States that we have to consider. The foreign indebtedness has been greatly increased of late years by the huge financial transactions of which we hear so much. It is impossible to estimate, except very roughly, the scope of this indebtedness. It is claimed, however, by one leading authority that, as compared with the highest point of such indebtedness last year, about one-third of the balance against the United States have been paid off, so that the amount of about 250 millions, and that the amount which presses upon the foreign situation to influence the foreign exchange market, is perhaps another 250 millions. The immediate future will be influenced by the exports, which should be much larger for 1903, owing to the fine crops; by the imports, which may be checked, but will probably rather grow to larger figures than ever; and by the volume of flotation and finance operations which we hope will certainly be checked.

It seems very necessary to consider how far we in Canada are following in the same direction. Apparently thus far we are able to view with some satisfaction our position, but the tendency is clearly towards a condition demanding caution. During the past five years our imports have grown from 111 millions to 212 millions. This sounds serious enough. But in the same period our exports have grown from 131 millions to 211 millions. We can see that the enormous surplus in our favor in 1897 has disappeared, and we have not seen widely in the other direction. It is not easy to estimate the relative position of our indebtedness abroad, that is, as to whether we owe more or less in proportion to our growth, in 1902 than in 1897. But clearly, owing to the South African war, and other causes, it has been a time when we have looked less than ever to Great Britain for capital, and more than ever to our own people, and as far as one can see from a superficial view we are better off in the matter of relative foreign indebtedness than in 1897. The growth in bank deposits in Canada would seem to bear out this view. From 1892 to 1897, the total figure of depression, the bank deposits grew from \$180 millions to 308 millions, while in 1902, at the midsummer date of government returns, they were only 390 millions. During the past five years the people of Canada have been wealthier at an unprecedented rate, and the volume of flotation and finance operations which we hope will certainly be checked.

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